NAME:	DATE:
Geography:	The Restless Atmosphere

It is not necessary to carry out all the activities contained in this unit.

Please see *Teachers' Notes* for explanations, additional activities, and tips and suggestions.

Theme	The Restless Atmosphere		
Levels	A1 – B1		
Language focus	Key vocabulary, word identification, sentence structure, extracting information from text, writing text, grammar.		
Learning focus	Using geography textbooks and accessing curriculum content and learning activities.		
Activity types	Matching, word identification, structuring sentences and text, cloze, multiple choice, reading comprehension, categorising vocabulary, recording learning, developing a learning resource.		
Acknowledgement	Extracts from The Human Planet. Patrick E. F. O Dwyer. Gill & Macmillan.		
	We gratefully acknowledge Gill & Macmillan for the right to reproduce text in some of these activities.		
Learning Record	A copy of the Learning Record should be distributed to each student.		
	Students should:		
	 Write the subject and topic on the record. 		
	Tick off/date the different statements as they complete activities.		
	Keep the record in their files along with the work produced for this unit.		
	4. Use this material to support mainstream subject learning.		

NAME:	DATE:
Geography :	The Restless Atmosphere

Making the best use of these units

- At the beginning of the class, make sure that students understand what they are doing and why. 'We are doing the exercise on page (12) to help you to remember key words / to help your writing skills / to help with grammar' etc.
- You can create your **personal teaching resource** by printing these units in full and filing them by subject in a large ring binder.
- Encourage students to:
 - Bring the relevant subject textbooks to language support class. It does not matter if they have different textbooks as the activities in these units refer to vocabulary and other items that will be found in all subject textbooks. These units are based on curriculum materials.
 - Take some responsibility for their own learning programmes by:

Developing a **personal dictionary** for different subjects, topics, and other categories of language, on an on-going basis. This prompt is a reminder.



Recording what they have learnt on the **Learning Record**, which should be distributed at the start of each unit.



Keeping their own **files** with good examples of the work produced in language support for different subjects and topics. This file will be an invaluable **learning resource** in supporting mainstream learning.

 Don't forget that many of the activities in these units are suitable as homework tasks, for self-study, or for use in the subject classroom with the agreement of the subject teacher.



Indicates that answers may be found at the end of the unit.

NAME:	DATE:
Occamentary The Dections A	lus a audi aua

Keywords

The list of keywords for this unit is as follows:

Nouns Verbs

air blow bring

cyclone descend

anticyclone

atmosphere chart Adjectives

cloud

current sunny

depression unequal

earth wet

equator warm

gulf

hemisphere

latitude place

pressure

sea

temperature

weather

water

sky

winter

wind

Proper Noun

(names of people or places)

the Atlantic (ocean)

NAME:	DATE:	
Geography: The Res	stless Atmosphere	

Vocabulary file 1

This activity may be done in language support class or in the mainstream subject classroom.

Word	Meaning	Word in my language
hemisphere		
latitude		
equator		
temperature		
cloud		
winter		

Get your teacher to check this and then file it in your folder so you can use it in the future.

NAME:	DATE:	
Geography: The Res	stless Atmosphere	

Vocabulary file 2

This activity may be done in language support class or in the mainstream subject classroom.

Word	Meaning	Word in my language
atmosphere		
depression		
to blow		
to descend		
unequal		
chart		

Get your teacher to check this and then file it in your folder so you can use it in the future.

NAME:	DATE:
Geography:	The Restless Atmosphere

Level: all

Type of activity: whole class

Focus: vocabulary, spelling,

dictionary, writing

Suggested time: 10 minutes

Activating students' existing knowledge

Use a spidergram to activate students' ideas and knowledge on the key points in this chapter. See **Teachers' Notes** for suggestions.

Possible key terms for the spidergram:

Irish Weather

Favourite weather

- Invite students to provide key words in their own languages.
- Encourage dictionary use.
- Encourage students to organise their vocabulary into relevant categories
 (e.g. meaning, nouns, keywords, verbs etc.).

Students should record vocabulary and terms from the spidergram in their personal dictionaries.

Level: A1

Type of activity: pairs or

individual

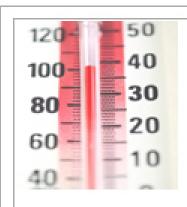
Focus: vocabulary, spelling,

dictionary

Suggested time: 30 minutes

Working with words





C a) This is a rain gauge.

C b) This is a thermometer.

 $^{\mathbb{C}}$ c) This is a wind vane.

C d) This is a barometer.



- a) This is a rain gauge.
- C b) This is a thermometer.
- $^{\mathbb{C}}$ c) This is a wind vane.
- C d) This is a barometer.

2. Find these words in your textbook.

Write your own explanation for these words. Then write the word in your own language. Use your dictionary if necessary.

Word	Page in	Explanation	In my language
	textbook		
atmosphere			
cyclone			
hemisphere			
currents			



Check that these key words are in your personal dictionary.

Level: A1/A2

Type of activity: pairs or

individual

Focus: vocabulary, basic

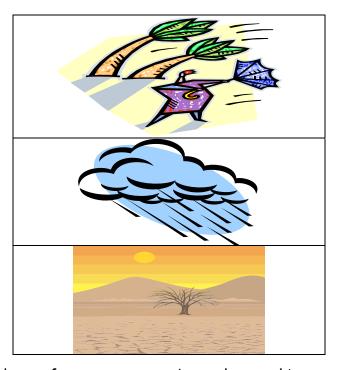
sentence structure

Suggested time: 30 minutes



Picture Sentences

- 1. Tick the correct answer
 - a) This is hot weather.
 - b) This windy weather.
 - c) This rainy weather.
- •
- a) This is hot weather.
- b) This windy weather.
- c) This rainy weather.
- a) This is hot weather.
- b) This windy weather.
- c) This rainy weather.



2. Put these words in the correct order to form sentences about the earth's atmosphere.

is surrounded by /the earth / called the atmosphere/ a blanket of gases.

that we breathe /the atmosphere/ the air/ provides us with

absorbs heat /the atmosphere / the sun/ from/ by day

at night/retains/the atmosphere/heat/

NAME:	DATE:
Occurrent The Dectless Atmospher	

Level: A1/A2

Type of activity: pairs or individual

Focus: word identification, vocabulary

Suggested time: 20 minutes

Odd One Out



1. Circle the word which does not fit with the other words in each line.

Example:	apple orang	ge banana (ta	ixi
sea	sun	cat	sky
latitude	equator	hemisphere	box
music	weather	temperature	rainfall
easy	wet	sunny	warm

2. Find these words in your textbook. Then put them in short sentences in your own words. Use a dictionary if necessary.

to provide	
to absorb	
to survive	
to prevent	
to protect	



Check that these key words are in your personal dictionary.

Level: A1/A2 Type of activity: individual	Focus: key vocabulary, writing descriptive text Suggested time: 20 minutes
Keywor	ds
1. Fill in the missing letters of the k	
A_l_nt_c	
cl_u	
l_ti_ud	
c_cl_n_s	
2. Write as many words as possible	
2. Write as many words as possible	
2. Write as many words as possible	
2. Write as many words as possible atmosphere/this unit. You have 3 m	

NAME Geog	E: DATE: raphy: The Restless Atmosphere	
	: A1 / A2 of activity: pairs or lual	Focus: key vocabulary, pronunciation, spelling Suggested time: 20 minutes
1.	Unscramble the I The blanket of gases around the earth Answer	AMTOSPEREH
2.	The sun is almost directly above the Answer	EUQATRO
3.	This is moving air Answer	WNDI

4. The state of the atmosphere over a short time WAEHTER

Answer _____

Solve the secret code

English	L	C	D	Ε	F	I	Ν	M	0	5	T	U
Code	В	X	У	F	G	Q	R	0	L	Ε	A	W

ex: EAWYFRA = STUDENT

XBLWY	

Focus: reading comprehension, extracting meaning from text, vocabulary Suggested time: 30 minutes tences words from the Word Box
extracting meaning from text, vocabulary Suggested time: 30 minutes tences
words from the Word Box
is called the atmosphere
r cent), oxygen (twenty-one per
and other gases (one per cent)
ough the and heats
nen releases this heat and it rises
ated in the following way:
). This the earth's
arth's
ecause it is lighter than cold air.

atmosphere

heats

earth

$\hbox{@ English Language Support Project for Post-Primary schools - www.elsp.ie}\\$
Trinity Immigration Initiative 2007-2009

solar

Word Box:

surface

Level: A2 / B1

Type of activity: individual

Focus: key vocabulary, topic

information, reading

comprehension, multiple choice **Suggested time:** 40 minutes

Multiple choice



Read the text below and choose the best answers.

Wind is moving air. It is the unequal heating of the earth that causes air to move. When air is heated it becomes lighter and rises (ascends) and forms low pressure. On the other hand, when air gets cooler it gets heavier and falls (descends) and forms high pressure. Air must then move from areas of high pressure to areas of low pressure in order to replace the rising air. This movement creates wind.

When there is a big difference in pressure between adjoining areas of high and low pressure the air movement will be quick, causing strong wind. If the difference is small the wind will be a gentle breeze. Areas of low pressure are always surrounded by areas of higher pressure, so wind blows towards the centre of low pressure from all angles. In addition, because the earth rotates on its axis, this spinning motion causes wind moving towards low pressure areas to rotate in an anticlockwise direction in the northern hemisphere.

1.	a)	oving air called? sunshine wind		•	sunlight clouds
2.	What caus	ses it to move?			
	a)	unequal heating		b)	sun
	c)	clouds		d)	people
3.	What happ	oens to the air when	it gets	cooler?	
	a)	descends		b)	ascends
	c)	nothing		d)	windy
4.	Does the v	vind blow toward the	e centre	of low	pressure?
	a)	Yes	b)	No	
5.	Does the e	earth rotate on its a	xis?		
	a)	Yes	b)	No	

NAME: DATE:_ Geography: The Restless Atmosphere	
Level: A2 / B1 Type of activity: individual	Focus: vocabulary, structure, planning and creating text Suggested time: 40 minutes
Writing	
Use your textbook to help you to write at leastless Atmosphere. Ask you teacher to c in your folder. Note - writing this out will he	heck your work, and then file it
The Restless Atmo	osphere



NAME:		DA	TE:	
	r: The Restless		\	
Level: A2/B1 Type of activity: individual			structure	ed time: 30 minutes
		Gramma	r point	THE
·	a word that desci		•	ample, big or boring)
low	atmosphere	pretty	beach	hard separate
wind	warm sea	high	cool	crack
soft	short	happy	weather tid	e down long
	•		•	:. However, some of from the box above.
• Place	es that are close to	the equator ar	e said to be in	latitudes.
 Place 	es that are closer to	o the poles are	said to be in	_ latitudes.
• Sumr	mers in the norther	n hemisphere	have days	and nights.
•	air is lighter and ri	ses, creating lo	ow pressure.	

3. Now it's your turn! Go to your textbook and the chapter on the Restless Atmosphere. Rewrite 5 sentences from the textbook, but leave gaps where the adjectives should be. Swap sentences with another student and check and correct one another's work.

• ____ air is heavier and descends, creating high pressure.

NAME:	DA	NTE:					
Geography: Th	e Restless Atmosphere	Restless Atmosphere					
Levels A1 an	d A2 - Alphaboxes						
	find <u>one</u> word beginning wi						
ite the word in the	relevant box. You could al	so write the word in you	r own language.				
a	b	C					
d	e	f					
			Do you				
9	h	i	understand				
			all these				
			words?				
j	k	1	400				
			Get your				
			teacher to				
m	n	0	check this,				
			then file it i				
			your folder				
			so you can				

r

u

xyz

q

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W

p

S

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use it in the

future.

NAME:	DATE:
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Word search

Find the words from the list below. When you have found all the words, write each word in your own language.

ΗЈ R B JUQS RWNCAREASW Y P Q L J V LGYXEIZY NTHQIXLZ WARMMZGMNR J W I F V R I S E S WXUICUEABFYD QHPYDVSJBHCL P U X C I G A T L A N T I C BJYYXACZUZJVVV PUQNIPYJVNIR 6 AZR DEPRESSIONXDBZST RYTOLF DKR GULF EXOPA SUL Q A T M O S P H E R E Q O E D T HZUD T B E A S T E R L Y D G OU L WINTERKHEMISPHERENAU THECURRENTCPPPMBVUAQIL AUATEWR L Y U O S C T C Q P Q P N G Y D C L A T I T U D E S T R E A M W I N D S L Z K QJWFJOT I U U Q S E Q U A T O R R T X B N QDPP YJR WE A THE R D V T G Z Q R O S J L A J Y G N T E M P E R A T U R E S G Q N I X X H F N A BAHRX NOPRE VAILING WS HNTT PFT MH V Q S K I E S C Y C L O N E S Z H R N E S K Q X U O M Z KHBZYWJPUF D T BII JHQF QTPRE SSUREX UFI D L A NAGTANTICYCL ONE SAWYTVIKL

ANTICYCLONES	DEPRESSION	PRESSURE	WARM
AREAS	EASTERLY	PREVAILING	WEATHER
ATLANTIC	EQUATOR	RISES	WINDS
ATMOSPHERE	GULF	SKIES	WINTER
CURRENT	HEMISPHERE	STREAM	
CYCLONES	LATITUDES	TEMPERATURES	

NAME:	DATE:
Geography: The Restless Atmosphe	ere
Play Snap Make Snap cards with 2 sets of the for ideas about how to use the cards	same keywords. See <i>Notes for teachers</i> s.
×	
atmosphere	atmosphere
hemisphere	hemisphere
clouds	clouds

NAME:	DATE:
Geography: The Restless Atmosphe	re
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:	<u>.</u> [
	-
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•	- -
•	- -
	- - -
cyclone	cyclone
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anticyclone	anticyclone
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<u>:</u>	
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Earth	Earth
<u>:</u>	
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:	:

NAME:	DATE:
Geography: The Restless Atmosphe	re
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equator	equator
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•	-
latitude	latitude
· ·	- -
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Atlantic	Atlantic
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NAME:	DATE:	
Coography, The Postless	Atmocnhoro	

Answer key

Working with words, page 7

1. b.d

Picture sentences, page 8

- 1. b,c,a
- 2. The earth is surrounded by a blanket of gases.

The atmosphere provides us with the air that we breathe.

The atmosphere absorbs the heat of the sun by day. (By day the atmosphere absorbs the heat of the sun).

The atmosphere retains heat at night. (At night, the atmosphere retains heat).

Odd one out, page 9

Cat, box, music, easy

Keywords, page 10

Atlantic, cloud, latitude, cyclones

Unscramble the letters, page 11

Atmosphere, equator, wind, weather

Secret Code: cloud

Completing Sentences, page 12

The blanket of gases which surrounds the earth is called the atmosphere. It consists of nitrogen (seventy-eight per cent), oxygen (twenty-one per cent), water vapour, carbon dioxide, ozone and other gases (one per cent). Sunlight, called solar energy, passes through the atmosphere and heats the earth's surface. The earth's surface then releases this heat and it rises into the atmosphere. The atmosphere is heated in the following way:

- the earth absorbs sunlight (solar energy). This heats the earth's surface.
- air close to the ground is heated by the earth's surface.
- this warm air rises into the atmosphere because it is lighter than cold air.

Multiple choice, page 13

NAME: _____ DATE: _____

Geography: The Restless Atmosphere

1. c, 2. a, 3. a, 4. a, 5.a

Grammar point, page 15

- 1. Adjectives: low, pretty, hard, warm, high, cool, soft, short, happy, long 2.
 - Places that are close to the equator are said to be in low latitudes.
 - Places that are closer to the poles are said to be in **high** latitudes.
 - Summers in the northern hemisphere have **long** days and **short** nights.
 - Warm air is lighter and rises, creating low pressure.
 - Cool air is heavier and descends, creating high pressure.

Word Search, page 17

ΗЈ R B JUQS RWNC AREASW YP QLJV LGYXEIZY NTHQIXLZ WARMMZGMNR J W I F V R I S E S WXUICUEABFYD Q H P Y D V S J B H C L PUXCIGATLANTIC BJYYXACZUZJVVV PUQNIPYJVNIRGAZR DEPRESSIONX DBZST RYTOLF DKR GULF EXOPA SUL Q A T MOSPHERE QOED T HZUD T B E A S TER L Y D G OU L WINTERK HEMISP HERENAU TH F CURRENT CPPP M B V U A Q I L AU ATEWR L Y U O S C T C Q P Q P N G Y DCL ATITUDESTREAMWINDS LZK Q J W F J O T I U U Q S E Q U A T O R R T X B N QDPP YJR WE A THE R DV T G Z Q R O S J L A JY 6N TEMPERATURES 6 QNIXX HFNA BAHRX NOPREVAILING WS HNTT P FT MH VQSKI ESCYCL ONE SZHR NESKQXUOMZ KHBZYWJPUF D T BII JHQ F Q T**P RE 5 SURE**X UFIDLA NAGT**ANTICYCL ONES**AWYTVIKL